

In value added in manufacture the mineral origin group advanced from second place in 1924 with 30.5 p.c. of the total value added by manufacture in all industries to first place in 1936 with 37.2 p.c. of the total. On the other hand, the manufacture of materials of farm origin receded from first place with 33.3 p.c. of the total in 1924 to second place with 32.0 p.c. of the total in 1936. The value added in manufacture of materials of forest origin was in third place at both the beginning and end of the period, but the proportion dropped from 26.0 p.c. in 1924 to 20.7 p.c. in 1936 and both the gross value and the value added were actually lower in 1936 than in 1924. These three groups accounted for about 90 p.c. of the value added.

In 1936, industries of the farm origin group had the largest number of employees but the mineral group had the greatest capital and paid out the most in salaries and wages. Industries of the mineral group had an average capital per employee of nearly \$7,000 and an average salary or wage of \$1,258, while for industries of the farm origin group the respective averages were \$4,600 and \$930.

11.—Principal Statistics of the Manufacturing Industries of Canada, Classified According to the Origin of the Material Used, by Main Groups for Representative Years 1924-36.

Note.—Figures have been revised since publication of the 1938 Year Book; see headnote to Table 1, p. 379.

Year and Origin.	Estab-	Capital.	Em-	Salaries	Cost	Gross
	lish- ments.		ploy- ees.	and Wages.	of Materials.	Value of Products.
	No.	\$	No.	\$	\$	\$
1924.						
Grand Totals	20,709	2,895,317,508	487,610	531,467,675	1,436,190,791¹	2,584,306,764¹
Farm Origin—						
(a) From field crops.....	4,595	525,717,571	89,436	87,789,237	433,443,376	691,513,259
Canadian origin.....	4,311	299,158,649	51,462	53,793,131	270,753,367	440,499,831
Foreign origin.....	284	226,559,522	37,974	33,996,106	162,690,009	251,043,428
(b) From animal husbandry.....	4,068	247,073,900	63,052	65,424,526	282,604,516	407,766,406
Canadian origin.....	4,068	247,073,900	63,052	65,424,526	282,604,516	407,766,406
Totals, Farm Origin	8,663	772,791,471	152,488	153,213,763	716,047,892	1,099,279,665
Canadian origin.....	8,379	546,231,949	114,514	119,217,657	553,357,883	848,236,227
Foreign origin.....	284	226,559,522	37,974	33,996,106	162,690,009	251,043,428
Wild life origin	226	10,837,249	2,944	3,194,213	7,506,160	13,338,266
Marine origin.....	936	20,304,785	11,157	3,344,348	16,089,332	26,637,982
Forest origin.....	6,873	876,149,932	126,907	147,719,245	245,183,429	544,282,597
Mineral origin.....	2,806	1,010,517,944	136,837	171,968,497	349,800,585	700,002,097
Mixed origin.....	1,305	204,716,127	57,277	55,927,609	101,663,384	200,718,177
1936.						
Grand Totals	21,361	3,268,671,197	559,161	625,682,242	1,726,520,016¹	3,114,693,230¹
Farm Origin—						
(a) From field crops.....	4,697	565,932,312	99,200	95,403,666	486,522,508	773,023,228
Canadian origin.....	4,434	323,063,863	56,017	54,719,806	299,452,868	486,709,022
Foreign origin.....	263	242,898,449	43,183	40,683,860	187,069,640	286,314,206
(b) From animal husbandry.....	4,137	248,759,804	65,939	69,090,146	333,770,293	467,253,826
Canadian origin.....	4,137	248,759,804	65,939	69,090,146	333,770,293	467,253,826
Totals, Farm Origin	8,834	814,692,116	165,139	165,493,812	820,292,801	1,240,277,054
Canadian origin.....	8,571	571,793,667	121,956	124,409,952	633,223,161	953,962,848
Foreign origin.....	263	242,898,449	43,183	40,683,860	187,069,640	286,314,206
Wild life origin	232	13,321,668	3,662	4,328,731	12,459,350	21,775,688
Marine origin.....	831	28,868,071	17,408	5,622,837	22,034,129	36,190,764
Forest origin.....	6,710	926,726,166	133,428	159,960,652	260,039,864	597,551,637
Mineral origin.....	3,284	1,200,704,022	173,515	226,802,705	489,895,292	982,103,019
Mixed origin.....	1,410	223,759,154	66,009	63,864,505	121,795,580	236,795,048

¹For the years 1924 and 1926 the figures for "cost of materials" and "gross value of products" include the value placed on intermediate products used in further processes in the chemical group of industries. For this reason these figures differ slightly from those contained in the other tables of this chapter.